CRITICAL ITEMS LIST (CIL)

SYSTEM:

Electrical

SUBSYSTEM: REV & DATE: LH2 Depletion System

J, 12-19-97

FUNCTIONAL CRIT: PHASE(S): HAZARD REF:

E.01, P.06

DCN & DATE:

ANALYSTS:

R. Lunden/A. Oser

FAILURE MODE:

Fails with False Wet Signal

FAILURE EFFECT:

Loss of mission and vehicle/crew due to engine(s) being destroyed.

TIME TO EFFECT:

Seconds

FAILURE CAUSE(S):

Low Sensor Resistance

в: High Sensor Resistance Above False Dry Value

REDUNDANCY SCREENS:

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION: The four depletion sensors located near the bottom of the LHZ tank are a backup to the Orbiter guidance, navigation and control (GN & C) signal and to the LOZ ECO sensors for SSME cutoff during normal mission. Sensors also provide signals for transition to fastfill. (Measurement Number: T41X1730X, T41X1731X, T41X1732X, T41X1733X)

FMEA ITEM CODE(S)	PART NO.	PART NAME	QIY	EFFECTIVITY
3.6.1.1	74L4-2 (302A14, 302A15, 302A16, 302A17)	LH2 Depletion Sensors	4	LWT-54 & Up

REMARKS:

SYSTEM: SUBSYSTEM: Electrical 3.6.1.1

LH2 Depletion System

REV & DATE:

J, 12-19-97

FMEA ITEM CODE(S):

DCN & DATE:

RATIONALE FOR RETENTION

DESIGN:

The level sensor is a warm wire sensor utilizing the principal of cryogenic liquids wetting the wire thus causing a change of resistance. This change in resistance is reflected by a change in voltage while a constant current is maintained. The finite resistance change reflects a wet or dry condition.

The sensing element is a .0005 inch diameter gold flashed platinum wire. It is approximately 6 inches long and is wound zig-zag fashion over 10 gold-plated iron-nickel-cobalt alloy posts cemented in a flat ceramic substrate. The substrate is hollow to allow cryogenic fluid to pass through freely and surround the sensor element. To prevent erroneous readings the ceramic substrate is inserted into a cover/baffle assembly which diverts bubbles caused by boiling of the cryogenic liquid.

The cover and housing are aluminum alloy and the base has two mounting holes and an alignment pin. The alignment pin prevents rotation and improper installation.

- The sensor is fuel cleaned to level 1000 per Simmonds Precision Process I-1109. It is maintained at this A, B: level through packaging and shipping to Lockheed Martin. It is maintained clean per STP5011 during staging and installation in the hydrogen tank.
- Welding is controlled by a Simmonds process using actual hardware and platinum wire to perform a sample A, B: weld prior to performing production welds and another sample weld at the end of each day or production lot of 25 assemblies, whichever occurs first.
- The design of the sensor requires a controlled amount of slack in the wire to minimize strain. A, B:
- The ten pins which hold the platinum winding are bonded into holes in the ceramic substrate using cement. A, B: The completed assembly is air dried and then oven cured.
- Ten pins provide separation of the adjacent loops in the sensing element and are bonded into holes in the A: ceramic substrate using cement.

Redundancy Description

Four sensors, all at the same level are used in the LH2 tank for the LH2 depletion function. Any two of these sensors must indicate dry to signal the Orbiter that depletion of LH2 is occurring. For the false wet failure mode:

Effect of First Failure

If any one sensor fails wet there is no effect since there are three sensors remaining.

SYSTEM: SUBSYSTEM: Electrical

LH2 Depletion System

REV & DATE: DCN & DATE:

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RATIONALE FOR RETENTION

DESIGN: (cont)

Effect of First Redundancy Loss

If a second sensor has failed wet, there is no effect since there are two sensors remaining.

Effect of Second Redundancy Loss

If a third sensor has failed wet, the depletion function will be lost and the effect described above will occur.

TEST:

The LH2 Depletion Sensors are qualified. Reference COQ MMC-ET-TM06-118.

The level sensors were originally qualified for NASA by Simmonds on a subcontract to Rockwell. The qualification report number is CAR 01D-10-432-0205-0001F/07-23-82.

Vendor:

Perform Certification Test on sensor element wire (Simmonds Precision Drawing 044540). 8:

Perform Dielectric Strength Test (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4). A:

Perform Insulation Resistance Tests before and after thermal cycle (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4). A:

Perform DC Resistance Test (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4). A, B:

A, B: Perform Thermal Shock Test (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4).

A, B: Perform Push Test on pins (Simmonds Precision PP518).

MAF:

Perform DC Resistance Test (TMO4k). A, B:

A: . Perform Isolation Resistance Test (TMO4k).

SYSTEM: SUBSYSTEM: Electrical

LH2 Depletion System

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RATIONALE FOR RETENTION

TEST: (cont)

FMEA ITEM CODE(S):

Launch Site:

Perform DC Resistance Test (OMRSD File IV). A, B:

Perform Sensor Operational Test (OMRSD File II). A, B:

INSPECTION:

Vendor Inspection - Lockheed Martin Surveillance:

Verify parts have been cleaned (Simmonds Precision I-1109 or Titeflex SP 101-144). A, B:

Verify material selection and verification controls (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4). A, B:

Verify acceptance and certification of sensor element wire (Simmonds Precision Drawing 044540). A, B:

Verify certification of swaging operator (Simmonds Precision PP515). в;

Inspect for acceptable swage (Simmonds Precision PP515). B:

Inspect for cleanliness of parts and material prior to welding (Simmonds Precision I-1109 or Titeflex SP 101-144). В:

Verify certification of weld operator (Simmonds Precision PP471). в:

Inspect for acceptable weld (Simmonds Precision PP471). в:

Witness tension applied on sensor winding (Simmonds Precision Drawing 1500035-002). A. B:

Verify certification of bonding operator (Simmonds Precision PP518). A. B:

Inspect bonding of pins (Simmonds Precision PP518). A, B:

Witness Push Test of bonded pins (Simmonds Precision PP518). A, B:

Lockheed Martin Procurement Quality Representative:

Witness Dielectric Strength Test between element and case (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4). A:

Witness Insulation Resistance Tests (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4). A;

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LH2 Depletion System

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RATIONALE FOR RETENTION

INSPECTION: (cont)

FMEA ITEM CODE(S):

A, B: Witness DC Resistance Test (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4).

A, B: Witness Thermal Shock Test (Lockheed Martin Standard 74L4).

MAF Quality Inspection:

A, B: Vitness DC Resistance Test from the ET Interface (TMO4k).

A: Witness Isolation Resistance Test (TMO4k).

Launch Site:

A, B: Witness DC Resistance Test in dry condition (OMRSD File IV).

A, B: Witness sensors change from dry to solid wet indications at completion of slow fill (OMRSD File II).

FAILURE HISTORY:

Current data on test failures, unexplained anomalies and other failures experienced during ground processing activity can be found in the PRACA data base.